

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS, LLC

Friesland, Wisconsin

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

December 31, 2017 and 2016

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS, LLC

CONTENTS

| | Page |
|--|-------------|
| Independent Auditor's Report | 1 |
| Financial Statements | |
| Balance Sheets | 2 |
| Statements of Operations | 3 |
| Statements of Changes in Members' Equity | 4 |
| Statements of Cash Flows | 5 |
| Notes to Financial Statements | 6-16 |
| Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information | 17 |
| Supplementary Information | 18-19 |



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Members
United Wisconsin Grain Producers, LLC

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of United Wisconsin Grain Producers, LLC (the "Company"), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related statements of operations, changes in members' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of United Wisconsin Grain Producers, LLC as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Boulay PLLP

Certified Public Accountants
Minneapolis, Minnesota
March 2, 2018

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS, LLC

Balance Sheets

| | December 31, 2017 | December 31, 2016 |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Current Assets | | |
| Cash | \$ 3,435,814 | \$ 1,701,194 |
| Restricted cash - commodity margin account | - | 2,057,535 |
| Commodity derivative instruments | 479,225 | 102,075 |
| Short-term investments | - | 1,500,000 |
| Investment in cooperative, cost method | - | 4,000,000 |
| Accounts receivable | 3,445,874 | 4,127,697 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 419,039 | 591,615 |
| Inventory | 4,092,587 | 3,865,049 |
| Total current assets | 11,872,539 | 17,945,165 |
| Property, Plant, and Equipment, net | 47,347,811 | 47,984,905 |
| Total Assets | \$ 59,220,350 | \$ 65,930,070 |
| LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY | | |
| Current Liabilities | | |
| Accounts payable | \$ 4,365,773 | \$ 4,930,068 |
| Accrued liabilities | 734,121 | 654,096 |
| Commodity derivative instruments | - | 1,438,206 |
| Total current liabilities | 5,099,894 | 7,022,370 |
| Long-Term Liabilities | | |
| Revolving line of credit | \$ - | \$ 8,500,000 |
| Total long-term liabilities | - | 8,500,000 |
| Members' Equity, 28,346 multiple class units authorized, issued, and outstanding | 54,120,456 | 50,407,700 |
| Total Liabilities and Members' Equity | \$ 59,220,350 | \$ 65,930,070 |

Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this Statement

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS, LLC

Statements of Operations

| | Year ended December 31, 2017 | Year ended December 31, 2016 |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Revenues | \$ 111,835,639 | \$ 103,472,552 |
| Cost of Goods Sold | <u>99,150,463</u> | <u>94,807,124</u> |
| Gross Profit | 12,685,176 | 8,665,428 |
| Operating Expenses | <u>3,995,452</u> | <u>3,787,980</u> |
| Operating Income | 8,689,724 | 4,877,448 |
| Other Income (Expense), Net | | |
| Interest income | 57,466 | 183,786 |
| Interest expense | (277,493) | (92,541) |
| Miscellaneous income | <u>203,609</u> | <u>64,749</u> |
| Total Other Income (Expense), Net | (16,418) | 155,995 |
| Net Income | <u>\$ 8,673,306</u> | <u>\$ 5,033,443</u> |
| Weighted Average Units Outstanding - Basic and Diluted (Class A, B, C) | <u>28,346</u> | <u>28,346</u> |
| Net Income Per Unit - Basic and Diluted (Class A, B, C) | <u>\$ 305.98</u> | <u>\$ 177.57</u> |
| Distributions Per Unit (Class A, B, C) | <u>\$ 175.00</u> | <u>\$ 450.00</u> |

Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this Statement

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS, LLC

Statements of Changes in Members' Equity

| | |
|---|----------------------|
| Balance - December 31, 2015 | 58,129,957 |
| Net income for the year ended December 31, 2016 | 5,033,443 |
| Member distributions | <u>(12,755,700)</u> |
| Balance - December 31, 2016 | 50,407,700 |
| Net income for the year ended December 31, 2017 | 8,673,306 |
| Member distributions | <u>(4,960,550)</u> |
| Balance - December 31, 2017 | <u>\$ 54,120,456</u> |

Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this Statement

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS, LLC

Statements of Cash Flows

| | Year ended December 31, 2017 | Year ended December 31, 2016 |
|---|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Cash Flows from Operating Activities | | |
| Net income | \$ 8,673,306 | \$ 5,033,443 |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities: | | |
| Depreciation | 6,349,710 | 3,603,994 |
| Change in fair value of commodity derivative instruments | (2,894,680) | 3,199,132 |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Restricted cash - commodity margin account | 2,057,535 | (2,057,535) |
| Commodity derivative instruments | 1,079,324 | (1,098,676) |
| Accounts receivable | 681,823 | (1,102,447) |
| Inventory | (227,538) | 172,687 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current assets | 172,576 | 39,618 |
| Accounts payable | (335,750) | 950,844 |
| Accrued liabilities | 80,025 | 49,499 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | <u>15,636,331</u> | <u>8,790,559</u> |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities | | |
| Capital expenditures | (1,286,795) | (18,869,399) |
| Payments for construction in progress | (4,654,366) | (29,016) |
| Proceeds from short-term investments | 1,500,000 | 1,500,000 |
| Proceeds from investments in cooperative | 4,000,000 | - |
| Net cash used in investing activities | <u>(441,161)</u> | <u>(17,398,415)</u> |
| Cash Flows from Financing Activities | | |
| Payment of member distribution | (4,960,550) | (12,755,700) |
| Proceeds from Revolving line of credit | 5,500,000 | 11,500,000 |
| Payments on Revolving line of credit | (14,000,000) | (3,000,000) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | <u>(13,460,550)</u> | <u>(4,255,700)</u> |
| Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash | 1,734,620 | (12,863,556) |
| Cash – Beginning of Period | <u>1,701,194</u> | <u>14,564,750</u> |
| Cash – End of Period | <u>\$ 3,435,814</u> | <u>\$ 1,701,194</u> |
| Supplemental Cash Flow Information | | |
| Cash paid for: | | |
| Interest expense | 277,493 | 92,541 |
| Capitalized interest expense | - | 64,114 |
| Cash paid for interest total | <u>\$ 277,493</u> | <u>\$ 156,655</u> |
| Supplemental Disclosure of Non-Cash Operating, Investing, and Financing Activities: | | |
| Capital expenditures included in accounts payable | <u>\$ 219,681</u> | <u>\$ 448,226</u> |

Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this Statement

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Nature of Business

United Wisconsin Grain Producers, LLC, (the "Company") is a Wisconsin limited liability company currently operating a 60 million gallon per year ethanol plant located near the town of Friesland in the township of Randolph, Wisconsin. The Company is currently producing fuel-grade ethanol, distillers grains, high protein yeast supplement, and crude corn oil that the Company sells domestically.

Accounting Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. The Company uses estimates and assumptions in accounting for the following significant matters, among others: allowances for doubtful accounts, useful lives of property, plant, and equipment, the valuation of commodity derivatives, inventory valuation, the valuation of inventory purchase commitments, and legal contingencies. Actual results may differ from previously estimated amounts, and such differences may be material to our financial statements. The Company periodically reviews estimates and assumptions, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the period in which the revision is made.

Revenue Recognition

Revenues from the production of ethanol and the related products are recorded when the customer has taken title and has assumed the risks and rewards of ownership, prices are fixed or determinable and collectability is reasonably assured. Ethanol and related products are generally shipped free on board (FOB) shipping point. Shipping costs incurred by the Company in the sale of ethanol and ethanol related products (distillers grains, high protein yeast supplement and crude corn oil) are included in cost of goods sold. The Company believes there are no ethanol sales which should be considered contingent and recorded as deferred revenue. Interest income is recognized as earned.

Cash

The Company maintains its accounts primarily at one financial institution. At times throughout the year, the Company's cash balances may exceed amounts insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The Company does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk on its cash balances.

Restricted Cash

The Company has restricted cash balances relating to margin requirements with the Company's commodity derivative broker based on open commodity contracts (discussed in Note 6).

Short-term Investments

Certificates of deposit with original maturities over three months and the Company's trading securities are classified as short-term investments.

Investment in a Cooperative, Cost Method

The cost method investment was a redeemable equity interest in a cooperative redeemed in May 2017; it averaged paying a 4% dividend return.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at their estimated net realizable value, net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts is established through provisions charged against income and is maintained at a level believed adequate by management to absorb estimated bad debts based on historical experience and current economic conditions. The Company extends credit to customers for sales of ethanol and ethanol related products in the normal course of business. Credit is extended based on an on-going evaluation of a customer's financial conditions and generally no collateral is required. Accounts receivable are ordinarily due in 10 business days. If payment is not received on a timely basis in accordance with the

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

Company's credit terms it is considered past due. Invoices that remain unpaid after 30 days may bear interest at 18% and are considered delinquent if past due over 120 days. Delinquent receivables are written off based on credit evaluation and specific circumstances of the customer. At both December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company established an allowance for doubtful accounts of approximately \$34,000.

Inventory

Inventory is stated at the lower of weighted average cost or net realizable value. Net realizable value is the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business, less reasonably predictable costs of completion, disposal, and transportation. Inventory consists of raw materials, work in process, finished goods, and spare parts. Corn is the primary raw material. Finished goods consist of ethanol, distillers grains, high protein yeast supplement, and corn oil.

Property, Plant, and Equipment

Property, plant, and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as follows for the major classes of assets:

| Asset Description | Estimated Lives |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Land improvements | 5-20 years |
| Buildings | 10-40 years |
| Plant and process equipment | 5-15 years |
| Office equipment and computer systems | 3-10 years |

Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred; major improvements and betterments are capitalized. Construction in progress expenditures will be depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives once the assets are placed into service.

Long-Lived Assets

Long-lived assets, such as property, plant, and equipment, are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. If circumstances require a long-lived asset to be tested for possible impairment, the Company first compares undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by an asset to the carrying value of the asset. If the carrying value of the long-lived asset is not recoverable on an undiscounted cash flow basis, impairment is recognized to the extent that the carrying value exceeds its fair value. Fair value is determined through various valuation techniques that may include, but not limited to, discounted cash flow models, quoted market values, and third-party independent appraisals, as considered necessary.

Derivative Instruments

From time to time the Company enters into derivative transactions to hedge its exposures to commodity price fluctuations. The Company is required to record these derivatives in the balance sheet at fair value.

In order for a derivative to qualify as a hedge, specific criteria must be met and appropriate documentation maintained. Gains and losses from derivatives that do not qualify as hedges, or are undesignated, must be recognized immediately in earnings. If the derivative does qualify as a hedge, depending on the nature of the hedge, changes in the fair value of the derivative will be either offset against the change in fair value of the hedged assets, liabilities, or firm commitments through earnings or recognized in other comprehensive income until the hedged item is recognized in earnings. Changes in the fair value of undesignated derivatives are recorded in revenue or cost of goods sold based on the commodity being hedged.

Additionally, the Company is required to evaluate its contracts to determine whether the contracts are derivatives. Certain contracts that literally meet the definition of a derivative may be exempted as "normal purchases or normal sales." Normal purchases and normal sales are contracts that provide for the purchase or sale of something other than a financial instrument or derivative instrument that will be delivered in quantities expected to be used or sold over a reasonable period in the normal course of business. Certain corn and other

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

commodity contracts that meet the requirements of normal purchases or sales are documented and exempted from the accounting and reporting requirements and therefore, are not marked to market in the financial statements.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's accounting for fair value measurements of assets and liabilities that are recognized or disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring or nonrecurring basis adheres to the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to measurements involving significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities accessible to the Company at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs: Other than quoted prices included in Level 1 inputs that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.
- Level 3 Inputs: Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability used to measure fair value to the extent that observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at measurement date.

The carrying value of cash, restricted cash, short-term investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable, line of credit and accrued liabilities approximates fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments. The Company obtains fair value measurements from an independent pricing service for corn and ethanol contracts. The fair value measurements consider observable data that may include dealer quotes and live trading levels from the Chicago Board of Trade and New York Mercantile Exchange markets.

Except for those assets and liabilities which are required by authoritative accounting guidance to be recorded at fair value on our balance sheets, the Company has elected not to record any other assets or liabilities at fair value. No events occurred during the years ended December 31, 2017 or 2016 that required adjustment to the recognized balances of assets or liabilities, which are recorded at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.

Income Taxes

The Company is treated as a partnership for federal and state income tax purposes, and generally does not incur income taxes. Instead its earnings and losses are included in the income tax returns of its members. Therefore, no provision or liability for federal or state income taxes has been included in these financial statements. The Company had no uncertain tax positions as of December 31, 2017 or 2016. For years before 2015, the Company is no longer subject to U.S. Federal or state income tax examinations, with few exceptions.

Environmental Liabilities

The Company's operations are subject to environmental laws and regulations adopted by various governmental authorities in the jurisdiction in which it operates. These laws require the Company to investigate and remediate the effects of the release or disposal of materials at its locations. Accordingly, the Company has adopted policies, practices and procedures in the areas of pollution control, occupational health, and the production, handling, storage, and use of hazardous materials to prevent material environmental or other damage, and to limit the financial liability which could result from such events. Environmental liabilities are recorded when the Company's liability is probable and the costs can be reasonably estimated. No liability or expense was recorded as of or for the years ended December 31, 2017 or 2016.

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

Net Income per Unit

Basic net income per unit is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of members' units outstanding during the period. Diluted net income per unit is computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of members' units and members' unit equivalents outstanding during the period. There were no member unit equivalents outstanding during the periods presented; accordingly, for all periods presented, the Company's basic and diluted net income per unit are the same.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Contract Revenue Recognition (Evaluating)

In May 2014 and amended in August 2015, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2014-09 which amended the *Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Topic 606)* of the Accounting Standards Codification. The core principle of the new guidance is that an entity should recognize revenue to reflect the transfer of goods and services to customers in an amount equal to the consideration the entity receives or expects to receive. The guidance will be effective for the Company for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018, and interim periods within annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Company is evaluating the guidance and its effect on its financial statements.

Restricted Cash (Evaluating)

In November 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-18, *Restricted Cash*, which amended *Statement of Cash Flows (Topic 230)* of the Accounting Standards Codification. The new guidance will require amounts generally described as restricted cash and restricted cash equivalents to be included with cash and cash equivalents when reconciling the beginning-of-period and end-of-period total amounts shown on the consolidated statement of cash flows. The guidance will be effective for the Company for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2018 and interim periods within the annual reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The Company is currently evaluating the impact that adoption of this guidance will have on its financial statements.

Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through February 12, 2018, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

2. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Company has certain risks and uncertainties that it experiences during volatile market conditions. These volatilities can have a severe impact on operations. The Company's revenues are derived from the sale and distribution of ethanol and ethanol-related products to customers primarily located in the United States. Corn for the production process is supplied to our plant primarily from local agricultural producers and from purchases on the open market. Ethanol sales average approximately 78% of total revenues and corn costs average approximately 72% of cost of goods sold.

The Company's operating and financial performance is largely driven by the prices at which it sells ethanol and the net expense of corn. The price of ethanol is influenced by factors such as supply and demand, the weather, government policies and programs, and unleaded gasoline prices and the petroleum markets as a whole. Excess ethanol supply in the market, in particular, puts downward pressure on the price of ethanol. The cost of corn is generally impacted by factors such as supply and demand, the weather, government policies and programs, and the Company's risk management program used to protect against the price volatility of these commodities.

3. CONCENTRATIONS

The Company has identified certain concentrations that are present in their business operations. Three customers accounted for approximately 91% and 99% of revenue from ethanol sales, net of derivative activity,

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. Sales to those customers accounted for approximately 73% and 77% of the Company's total revenues, net of derivative activity, during 2017 and 2016, respectively. Three customers accounted for approximately 84% and 73% of the outstanding accounts receivable balance at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

4. INVENTORY

Inventory consists of the following at:

| | December 31, 2017 | December 31, 2016 |
|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Raw materials | \$ 1,220,417 | \$ 1,386,105 |
| Spare parts | 1,268,490 | 979,906 |
| Work in process | 439,385 | 384,797 |
| Finished goods | 1,164,295 | 1,114,239 |
| Total | \$ 4,092,587 | \$ 3,865,049 |

5. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Property, plant, and equipment consists of the following at:

| | December 31, 2017 | December 31, 2016 |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Land and land improvements | \$ 7,336,286 | \$ 7,188,157 |
| Office equipment | 1,284,454 | 1,260,080 |
| Buildings | 7,706,871 | 7,706,871 |
| Plant and process equipment | 100,227,315 | 95,525,366 |
| Construction in process | 925,938 | 87,774 |
| Total property, plant, and equipment | 117,480,864 | 111,768,248 |
| Less: accumulated depreciation | 70,133,053 | 63,783,343 |
| Net property, plant, and equipment | \$ 47,347,811 | \$ 47,984,905 |

6. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENTS

The Company from time-to-time enters into ethanol and corn derivative instruments, which are required to be recorded as either assets or liabilities at fair value in the balance sheet. Derivatives qualify for treatment as hedges when there is a high correlation between the change in fair value of the derivative instrument and the related change in value of the underlying hedged item and when the Company formally documents, designates, and assesses the effectiveness of transactions that receive hedge accounting initially and on an on-going basis. The Company must designate the hedging instruments based upon the exposure being hedged as a fair value hedge or a cash flow hedge. While the Company does not typically designate the derivative instruments that it enters into as hedging instruments because of the administrative costs associated with the related accounting, the Company believes that the derivative instruments represent an economic hedge. The Company does not enter into financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

In order to reduce the risk caused by market fluctuations, the Company occasionally hedges its anticipated corn purchases and ethanol sales by entering into options and futures contracts. These contracts are used with the intention to fix the purchase price of anticipated requirements of corn in the Company's ethanol production activities and the related sales price of ethanol. The fair value of these contracts is based on quoted prices in active exchange-traded or over-the-counter markets. Although the Company believes its commodity derivative positions are economic hedges, none have been formally designated as a hedge for

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

accounting purposes and derivative positions are recorded on the balance sheet at their fair market value, with changes in fair value recognized in current period earnings or losses. Gains and losses from ethanol related derivative instruments, including unrealized changes in the fair value of these positions, are included in the results of operations and are classified as a component of revenue. Gains and losses from corn derivative instruments, including unrealized changes in the fair value of these positions, are included in the results of operations and are classified as a component of costs of goods sold. The Company records withdrawals and payments against the trade equity of derivative instruments as a reduction or increase in the value of the derivative instruments.

As of December 31, 2017, the total notional amount of the Company's outstanding ethanol derivative instruments was approximately 1.05 million gallons that were entered into to hedge forecasted ethanol sales through March 2018. As of December 31, 2017, the total notional amount of the Company's outstanding corn derivative instruments was approximately 3.03 million bushels that were entered into to hedge forecasted corn purchases through July 2019.

As of December 31, 2016, the total notional amount of the Company's outstanding ethanol derivative instruments was approximately 9.03 million gallons that were entered into to hedge forecasted ethanol sales through March 2017. As of December 31, 2016, the total notional amount of the Company's outstanding corn derivative instruments was approximately 1.84 million bushels that were entered into to hedge forecasted corn purchases through December 2018.

The following tables provide details regarding the Company's derivative instruments at December 31, 2017, none of which are designated as hedging instruments:

| | Balance Sheet Location | Assets | Liabilities |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| Ethanol Contracts | Commodity derivative instruments | \$ 56,112 | \$ - |
| Corn Contracts | Commodity derivative instruments | 423,113 | - |
| Totals | | \$ 479,225 | \$ - |

In addition, as of December 31, 2017, there was no restricted cash related to margin requirements for the Company's commodity derivative instrument positions.

The following tables provide details regarding the Company's derivative instruments at December 31, 2016, none of which are designated as hedging instruments:

| | Balance Sheet Location | Assets | Liabilities |
|-------------------|----------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| Ethanol Contracts | Commodity derivative instruments | \$ - | \$1,438,206 |
| Corn Contracts | Commodity derivative instruments | 102,075 | - |
| Totals | | \$ 102,075 | \$1,438,206 |

In addition, as of December 31, 2016, the Company maintained approximately \$2,058,000 of restricted cash related to margin requirements for the Company's commodity derivative instrument positions.

The following tables provide details regarding the gains and (losses) from Company's commodity derivative instruments in statements of operations, none of which are designated as hedging instruments:

| | Statement of Operations Location | Year Ended December 31, 2017 | Year Ended December 31, 2016 |
|------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Ethanol Contracts | Revenue | \$ 2,039,223 | \$ (5,016,824) |
| Corn Contracts | Cost of Goods Sold | 855,457 | 1,817,692 |
| Total Gain (Loss), net | | \$ 2,894,680 | \$ (3,199,132) |

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

7. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company obtains fair value measurements from an independent pricing service for ethanol and corn contracts. The fair value measurements consider observable data that may include dealer quotes and live trading levels from the Chicago Board of Trade (“CBOT”) and New York Mercantile Exchange markets.

The following table provides information on those derivative instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2017:

| | Carrying Amount in Balance Sheet December 31, 2017 | Fair Value December 31, 2017 | Fair Value Measurement Using | | |
|--|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------|---------|
| | | | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| <u>Financial Assets:</u> Commodity Derivative Instruments - Corn | \$ 423,113 | \$ 423,113 | \$ 423,113 | \$ - | \$ - |
| <u>Financial Assets:</u> Commodity Derivative Instruments - Ethanol | \$ 56,112 | \$ 56,112 | \$ 56,112 | \$ - | \$ - |

The following table provides information on those derivative instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis at December 31, 2016:

| | Carrying Amount in Balance Sheet December 31, 2016 | Fair Value December 31, 2016 | Fair Value Measurement Using | | |
|---|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|---------|---------|
| | | | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 |
| <u>Financial Assets:</u> Commodity Derivative Instruments - Corn | \$ 102,075 | \$ 102,075 | \$ 102,075 | \$ - | \$ - |
| <u>Financial Liabilities:</u> Commodity Derivative Instruments - Ethanol | \$(1,438,206) | \$(1,438,206) | \$(1,438,206) | \$ - | \$ - |

8. BANK FINANCING

Revolving Lines of Credit

On August 12, 2016 the Company added a Term Revolving Loan with the bank to be used for capital expenditures with a maximum availability on this instrument of \$15,000,000. The interest rate on amounts the Company borrows under the line of credit is a variable rate equal to 0.25% over the highest US prime Rate as published in the Wall Street Journal “Money Table” which was 4.50% and 3.75% at December 31, 2017 and 2016. The interest rate adjusts as and when the index rate changes. Interest is due monthly on this revolving credit facility. No prepayment fees exist on the revolving credit facility; however, the Company is required to pay a commitment fee equal to 0.25% of the average daily unused portion of the line of credit. The maturity date of the line of credit is August 1, 2021. The Company had \$0 and \$4 million borrowed against the revolving line of credit at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

On August 12, 2016 the Company renewed the Revolving and Term Credit Agreement with a bank for a revolving line of credit with a maximum availability of \$10,000,000. The interest rate on amounts the Company borrows under the line of credit is a variable rate equal to 0.25% over the highest US prime Rate as published in the Wall Street Journal "Money Table" which was 4.50% and 3.75% at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The interest rate adjusts as and when the index rate changes. Interest is due monthly on this revolving credit facility. No prepayment fees exist on the revolving credit facility; however, the Company is required to pay a commitment fee equal to 0.25% of the average daily unused portion of the line of credit. The maturity date of the line of credit is April 1, 2019. The Company had \$0 and \$4.5 million borrowed against the revolving line of credit at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

Borrowing under our revolving lines of credit are secured by substantially all of the assets of the Company. The revolving credit facilities is subject to restrictive covenants including, but not limited to, requiring minimum financial ratios and limitations on capital expenditures, investments, and distributions. As of the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, the Company was in compliance with these covenants. The Company expects to be in compliance with all covenants through January 1, 2019.

9. OPERATING LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The Company commenced a thirty-six month lease agreement in July 2015 with a leasing company for twenty-five covered hopper rail cars at \$480 per month per rail car. Lease expense for operating leases was approximately \$144,000 for the years ending December 31, 2017 and 2016.

At December 31, 2017, the Company had the following minimum commitments for payment of operating leases:

| Fiscal Year | Minimum Lease Commitment |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| 2018 | 84,000 |
| Total | \$ 84,000 |

10. MEMBERS' EQUITY

Membership Units

The Company currently has three classes of membership units. There are 17,793 Class A units issued and outstanding, 6,598 Class B units issued and outstanding, and 3,955 Class C units issued and outstanding. The voting rights of Class A units do not have any voting restrictions. The voting rights of Class B units are restricted to the election of directors and dissolution of the Company. The voting rights of Class C members are restricted to voting only on dissolution. Income, losses, and distributions are allocated to all members based upon their respective percentage units held regardless of the unit classification.

Membership Distributions

In January 2016, the Board of Directors declared a cash distribution of \$300 per membership unit for all classes for a total distribution of \$8,503,800 to its unit holders of record on January 12, 2016. The distribution was paid to members in January 2016.

In July 2016, the Board of Directors declared a cash distribution of \$150 per membership unit for all classes for a total distribution of \$4,251,900 to its unit holders of record on July 12, 2016. The distribution was paid to members in July 2016.

In January 2017, the Board of Directors declared a cash distribution of \$100 per membership unit for all classes for a total distribution of \$2,834,600 to its unit holders of record on January 12, 2017. The

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

distribution was paid to members in January 2017.

In July 2017, the Board of Directors declared and paid a cash distribution of \$75 per membership unit for all classes for a total distribution of \$2,125,950 to its unit holders of record on July 12, 2017

Subsequent to year end, in January 2018, the Board of Directors declared a cash distribution of \$200 per membership unit for all classes for a total distribution of \$5,669,200 to its unit holders of record on January 12, 2018. The distribution was paid to members in January 2018.

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company incurred approximately \$90,000 and \$99,000 in director fees and related expenses for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

In 2017, the Company purchased approximately \$4,398,000 of corn from directors and employees of the Company, \$461,000 of which is unpaid and included in accounts payable at December 31, 2017. In 2016, the Company purchased approximately \$4,590,000 of corn from directors and employees of the Company of which approximately \$118,000 is included in accounts payable at December 31, 2016. Related-party corn purchases were consummated on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.

The Company had accounts receivable from members that totaled approximately \$87,000 and \$132,000 at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively.

12. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company has adopted a 401(k) plan which provides retirement savings options for all eligible employees. Employees meeting certain eligibility requirements can participate in the plan. The Company makes a matching contribution based on the participants' eligible wages. The Company made matching contributions of approximately \$104,000 and \$97,000 during the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. The employer matching portion has the following vesting schedule: 33% after one year of employment, 67% after two years of employment, and 100% after three years of employment. The non-vested balance that is forfeited by a terminated employee may be used to offset administrative expenses of the plan or future matching contributions by the Company.

The Company has two discretionary incentive programs for all eligible employees. The high earnings reward program allows for a percentage of the Company's earnings in excess of a pre-determined amount to be divided between eligible employees and payment to be made six months after it is earned to eligible employees still employed with the Company at the time of payment. The annual incentive plan is based on safety, production, and earnings targets and if there are earnings on the program it is paid out in May.

13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Ethanol Contracts

At December 31, 2017, the Company had forward futures contracts (swaps) to sell 1.05 million gallons of ethanol for delivery period of March 2018. The prices on this contract is \$1.45 per gallon.

At December 31, 2017, the Company had forward ethanol sales contracts totaling 15.3 million gallons for various delivery periods from January 2018 to March 2018. The prices on these contracts have a basis level established by the Oil Price Information Service ("OPIS") Chicago ethanol market between -\$0.04 and -\$0.06.

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

Distillers Grains, High Protein Yeast Contracts

At December 31, 2017, the Company had forward dry distillers grains sales contracts totaling approximately 20,970 tons for various delivery periods from January 2018 to September 2018 with a price range of \$100 to \$144 per ton. At December 31, 2017, the Company had forward high protein yeast feed sales contracts totaling approximately 1,300 tons for various delivery periods from January 2018 to March 2018 with a price range of \$246 to \$305 per ton.

Corn Oil Contracts

At December 31, 2017, the Company had forward crude corn oil sales contracts totaling 530,000 pounds for delivery period of January 2018 with an average price of \$0.24 per pound.

Corn, Natural Gas, and Denaturant Contracts

At December 31, 2017, the Company had forward corn purchase contracts with grain producers and dealers totaling 12.17 million bushels for various delivery periods from January 2018 to May 2019. The prices on these contracts range from \$3.47 to \$4.33 per bushel or have a basis level established by the CBOT futures between \$-0.10 and \$-0.34.

At December 31, 2017, the Company had forward contracts to purchase approximately 630,000 British thermal units (MMBTU's) of natural gas during the months of January 2018 through October 2018 at an average price of approximately \$3.12 per MMB9TU.

At December 31, 2017, the Company had forward contracts to purchase approximately 750,000 gallons of denaturant during the months of January 2018 through June 2018 at the average of the OPIS Conway In-Well Natural Gasoline daily high and low prices for the full calendar month of date of loading plus \$0.17 per net gallon.

Plant Expansion or Project

At the December 2017 Board Meeting the MER Project was approved (waste vapor recovery system that will lower Natural Gas usage), with an estimated cost of \$5 million. At December 31, 2017 the contract was unsigned as it was still under review. The project is expected to be completed by December 2018.

14. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

From time to time in the ordinary course of business, the Company may be named as a defendant in legal proceedings related to various issues, including without limitation, workers' compensation claims, tort claims, or contractual disputes.

Patent Infringement

A Complaint for Patent Infringement was filed against the Company and certain other parties on May 3, 2010 by GS CleanTech Corporation. The suit was heard at Federal Court in Indianapolis, Indiana. The complaint was seeking damages representing a portion of the revenue the Company generated while allegedly infringing on its patent related to a method of corn oil production. On October 23, 2014, the court granted summary judgment finding that all of the patents claimed were invalid and that the Company had not infringed. However, this ruling is subject to appeal. The manufacturer of the corn oil equipment has, and the Company expects it will continue, to vigorously defend itself and the Company in these lawsuits and in any appeal filed.

If the ruling was to be successfully appealed, the Company estimates that damages sought in this litigation if awarded would be based on a reasonable royalty to, or lost profits of the plaintiff. The Company is unable to determine at this time if the appeal will have a material adverse effect on the Company. In addition, the Company may need to cease use of its current oil separation process and seek out a replacement or cease oil production altogether if the judgment is reversed.

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

In December 2017, the Company received a settlement payment of \$184,000 from the counsel of GS CleanTech Corporation. The amount is recorded as other income in the statement of operations for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Anti-dumping

In December 2010, the Ministry of Commerce of the People's Republic of China (MOFCOM) initiated an antidumping investigation on imported distillers dried grains, with or without solubles (DDG), originating in the United States. In February 2011, MOFCOM informed the Company that it was one of three DDG exporters selected as part the fact-finding process in order to determine whether the Company's DDG's export price of the product imported to China was less than its normal value in the ordinary course of trade. The Company responded to the MOFCOM's request for information. The charges were not proven and were dropped.

In January 2016, China's Minister of Commerce (MOFCOM) initiated a second anti-dumping and countervailing duty investigation of U.S. dried distillers grains exported to China. Based on the results of the investigation, additional duties have been imposed on all DDG's imports into China from the United States which could have an adverse effect on the selling price of DDG in the future. The Company is unable to determine at this time if the investigation will have a material adverse effect on the Company.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

To the Board of Directors and Members
United Wisconsin Grain Producers, LLC

We have audited the financial statements of United Wisconsin Grain Producers, LLC as of and for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, and our report thereon dated March 2, 2018, which expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements, appears on page 1. Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

We certify that the information noted in this supplementary information is consistent with the information derived from the audited financial statements of United Wisconsin Grain Producers and contains all information required under Wisconsin State Statute 126.13 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Boulay PLLP

Certified Public Accountants

Minneapolis, Minnesota
March 2, 2018

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS LLC

Supplementary Information

December 31, 2017

Current Ratio

| | |
|--|---------------|
| Current assets, net of excluded assets of \$87,000 | \$ 11,785,539 |
| Current liabilities | \$ 5,099,894 |
| Current Ratio | 2.31 |

Debt to Equity Ratio

| | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|
| Total liabilities | \$ 5,099,894 |
| Total equity | \$ 54,120,456 |
| Debt to Equity Ratio | .09 |

Note: The Company has excluded assets (as defined in Chapter 126.13(7) of the Wisconsin Statutes) totaling \$87,000, which consists of accounts receivables from members, on its balance sheet at December 31, 2017.

Accounts receivable:

| | |
|------------------------------|---------------------|
| Less than one month | \$ 3,456,193 |
| One month to six months | 12,768 |
| Six months to one year | - |
| One year and greater | <u>10,945</u> |
| Total accounts receivable, | 3,479,906 |
| Less: Allowance for doubtful | <u>(34,032)</u> |
| Total accounts | <u>\$ 3,445,874</u> |

Notes receivable:

None

The Company had unpaid obligations to grain producers and producers agents of \$2,814,179 as of December 31, 2017.

See Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information.

UNITED WISCONSIN GRAIN PRODUCERS LLC

Supplementary Information

December 31, 2017

Dollar Amount Paid For (and Bushels of) Producer Grain
Procured in Wisconsin and Deferred Payment during the
FISCAL YEAR ENDED: December 31, 2017

GRAIN DEALER: United Wisconsin Grain Producers, LLC

| | | Total Amount Paid | Deferred Payment | Total Bushels Paid For |
|--------------------------------|------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| January | 2017 | \$ 4,352,059.13 | \$ 1,960,010.69 | 1,154,777 bus. |
| February | 2017 | \$ 3,773,873.99 | \$ 332,298.49 | 1,042,261 bus. |
| March | 2017 | \$ 3,916,901.32 | \$ 25.36 | 1,017,946 bus. |
| April | 2017 | \$ 1,892,687.47 | \$ 95,196.86 | 528,165 bus. |
| May | 2017 | \$ 2,215,247.48 | \$ - | 613,033 bus. |
| June | 2017 | \$ 4,241,296.72 | \$ 152,311.54 | 1,158,848 bus. |
| July | 2017 | \$ 3,986,113.08 | \$ 81,612.83 | 1,076,318 bus. |
| August | 2017 | \$ 4,682,684.97 | \$ 196,746.64 | 1,373,115 bus. |
| September | 2017 | \$ 1,779,708.89 | \$ 6,815.93 | 494,912 bus. |
| October | 2017 | \$ 1,900,130.36 | \$ 19,381.52 | 518,354 bus. |
| November | 2017 | \$ 5,550,584.76 | \$ 299,721.71 | 1,667,864 bus. |
| December | 2017 | \$ 2,021,797.13 | \$ 42,530.73 | 566,005 bus. |
| Totals for Fiscal Year: | | \$40,313,085.30 | \$ 3,186,652.30 | 11,208,597 bus. |

We certify that the information noted in this attachment is consistent with the information derived from the audited financial statements of United Wisconsin Grain Producers and contains all information required under Wisconsin State Statute 126.13 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

See Independent Auditor's Report on Supplementary Information.